

Objectives

- Sharing NRGi's ME&L framework and one example of a multi-country program evaluation
- Exploring ways to learn from each other and work together

NRGI Theory of Change

Citizens in resource-rich countries receive greater benefits from oil, gas & mineral wealth

Effective & accountable natural resource governance across the decision chain

International Norms

- Stronger incentives & costs
- Stronger guidance, consensus & mechanisms for governance
- Greater international political will

Accountability Actors

- Stronger oversight
- More strategic, higher-quality policy design
- Greater public demand for accountability
- More coordinated accountability movement

Governments

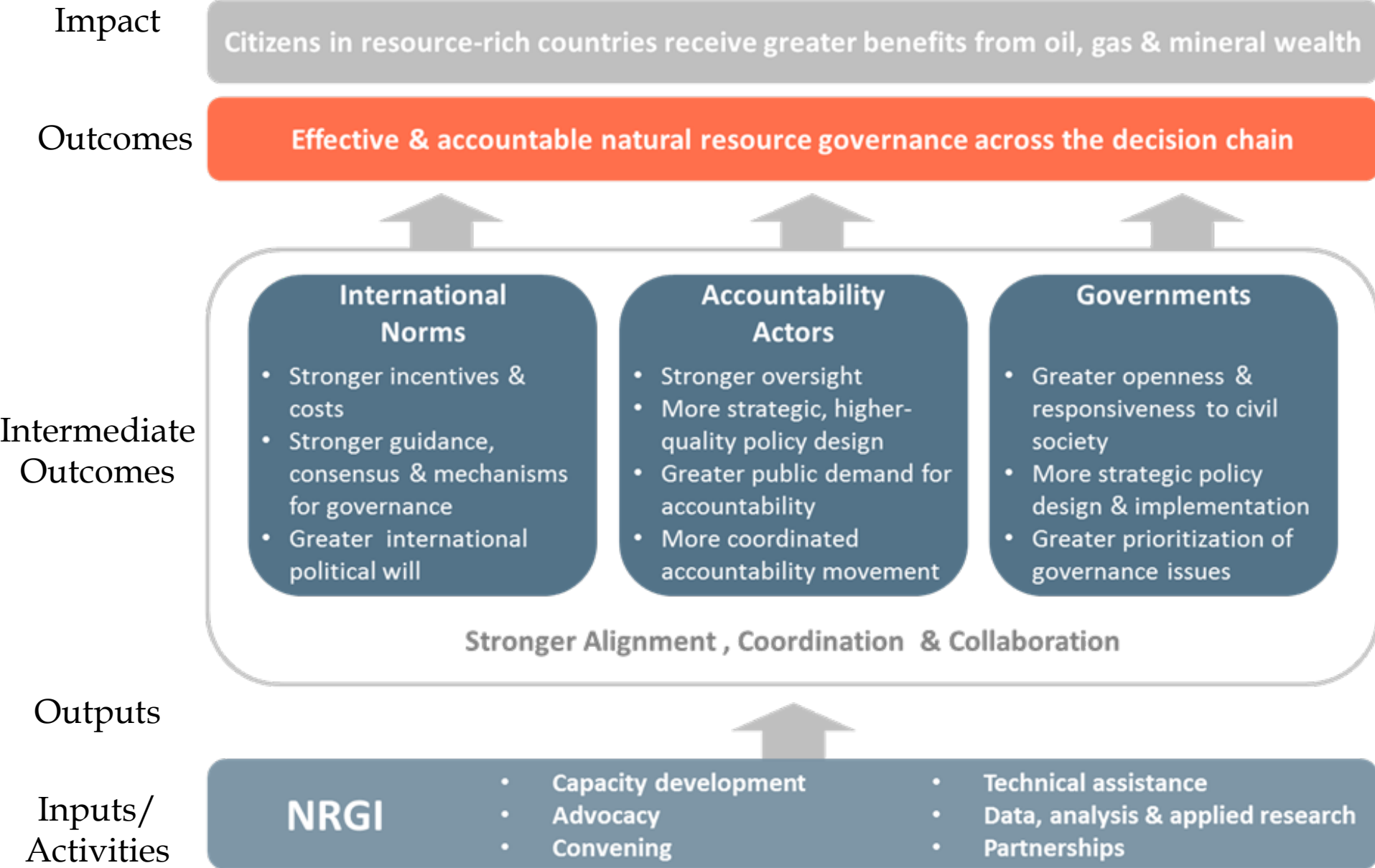
- Greater openness & responsiveness to civil society
- More strategic policy design & implementation
- Greater prioritization of governance issues

Stronger Alignment, Coordination & Collaboration

NRGI

- Capacity development
- Advocacy
- Convening
- Technical assistance
- Data, analysis & applied research
- Partnerships

NRGI Theory of Change



NRGI Theory of Change

Impact

Citizens in resource-rich countries receive greater benefits from oil, gas & mineral wealth

Outcomes

Effective & accountable natural resource governance across the decision chain

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Intermediate Outcomes

Outputs

Inputs/
Activities

NRGI

- Capacity development
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	Org'l	Program	Country
	<i>NRGI 2015-18 Strategy/ TOC/ Results framework, & annual org'l outcomes</i>	<i>Multi-country program TOC (e.g., stakeholder, issue area, NREGI function)</i>	<i>CSN/Change Narrative/Results framework (e.g., DRC)</i>
Impacts	Composite improvements in HDI, WGI, Gini		Country level improvements in HDI, WGI, Gini
Outcomes	Composite improvements in RGI and OBI scores		Country-specific policy reforms (NRC assessments)
Intermediate outcomes	Annual organizational outcomes	Program specific behaviors, actions etc	Country specific behaviors, actions etc from change agents
Outputs / Activities	Progress in key delivery aggregates for NREGI research, analysis, training, and policy advocacy work	Quality of program delivery	Activity tracking

NRGI media program evaluations

- Axes in our media program
 - Improving general coverage of extractives in new producers
 - Vanguard journalism
 - Spotting and investigating corruption in NRG
 - Data driven reporting

Challenges	NRGI responses
Poor knowledge of EI sectors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• core courses• policy deep dives• expert presentations and roundtables• Exchanges with peers and other stakeholders• Data and tools
Poor reporting skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• skills-development and application• Mentorship
External constraints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Selective engagement with independent, reputable media outlets• Engagement with editors• Catalytic grants for stories and extractives desks• EI awards

Highlights

- Annual programs involving up to 9 months of sustained holistic support
- 98 journalists, from 40 media houses, across media platforms (around 15 per year, evenly divided between countries)
- Baseline study, annual monitoring (3 story captures per cohort), 2 multi-year cross country evaluations

Results

Indicators

Impact/outcomes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• (measured by NREGI country strategy/ results framework)
Intermediate outcomes (2) – responses by other stakeholders (resulting from improved media reporting)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <u>Remedial measures / actions</u> taken by key EI actors• Number and nature of <u>public pronouncements</u> by other stakeholders• Cases of <u>actors being held to account</u>
Intermediate outcomes (1): sustained, relevant quality reporting on extractives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Changes in <u>number of EI stories</u> by trained journalists• Changes in the <u>quality</u> EI stories• Changes in the <u>scope</u> of EI stories, including alignment with priority policy issues identified in NREGI CSN
Outputs: knowledge, networks, and skills gains by targeted media	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Frequency of interaction with other <u>stakeholders/ sources</u> for journalists• <u>Knowledge gains</u> registered before and after interventions
Inputs: quality of NREGI and Partner interventions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Quality of overall program delivery including, as applicable<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Selection of beneficiaries• Quality of <u>training/ trainers</u>• Quality of multi-stakeholder convenings• Quality of <u>mentorship</u>• Quality of <u>grant making</u>

Key takeaways

- On program: program delivery matters but context may matter too
- On evaluation: trying to be rigorous but challenges remain and the further we go up the causality chain, the harder it is to be rigorous

Thank you

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